02-12000-01

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# Subject: Reconstructive Surgery/Cosmetic Surgery

THIS MEDICAL COVERAGE GUIDELINE IS NOT AN AUTHORIZATION, CERTIFICATION, EXPLANATION OF BENEFITS, OR A GUARANTEE OF PAYMENT, NOR DOES IT SUBSTITUTE FOR OR CONSTITUTE MEDICAL ADVICE. ALL MEDICAL DECISIONS ARE SOLELY THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE PATIENT AND PHYSICIAN. BENEFITS ARE DETERMINED BY THE GROUP CONTRACT, MEMBER BENEFIT BOOKLET, AND/OR INDIVIDUAL SUBSCRIBER CERTIFICATE IN EFFECT AT THE TIME SERVICES WERE RENDERED. THIS MEDICAL COVERAGE GUIDELINE APPLIES TO ALL LINES OF BUSINESS UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED IN THE PROGRAM EXCEPTIONS SECTION.

Position Statement	Billing/Coding	Reimbursement	Program Exceptions	Definitions	Related Guidelines
Other	<u>References</u>	<u>Updates</u>			

## **DESCRIPTION:**

Reconstructive surgery and related services are procedures that are performed on structures of the body to improve or restore bodily function or to correct a deformity resulting from disease, trauma, congenital or developmental anomalies, or previous medical treatments. Reconstructive services also include those procedures, which treat significant medical symptoms such as pain, bleeding, or chronic infections.

Cosmetic surgery and related services are procedures that are performed to reshape structures of the body in order to alter or improve an individual's appearance, self-perception, or alter the manifestations of the aging process. Cosmetic surgical procedures do not restore bodily functions or correct deformities resulting from trauma, congenital or developmental anomalies or previous medical treatments.

Cosmetic surgery does not become reconstructive surgery because of psychological or psychiatric reasons.

# **POSITION STATEMENT:**

**NOTE:** Coverage for reconstructive surgery and cosmetic surgery is subject to the member's benefit terms, limitations and maximums. Some plans may exclude coverage for reconstructive surgery and cosmetic surgery. Refer to specific contract language regarding reconstructive surgery and cosmetic surgery.

Reconstructive surgery and related services performed on structures of the body to improve or restore bodily function or to correct a deformity resulting from disease, trauma, and congenital or developmental anomalies **meets the definition of medical necessity**.

Surgery for reconstructive procedures requires medical review. The following information is required documentation for medical review: physician history and physical, physician operative report, pathology

report, and attending physician visit notes that include documentation of medical indication. Photos are not required with the initial review. Photos should be maintained as part of the medical record. Florida Blue may request photos as part of the review process.

Surgery and related services are **considered cosmetic in nature and is generally a contract exclusion** for the following indications:

- Revision of a condition, for which the primary procedure was considered cosmetic;
- Cosmetic surgery solely for the purpose of improving appearance (e.g., treatment for skin wrinkles);
- Complications of a cosmetic procedure solely for the purpose of improving appearance, without restoring bodily function or correcting physical impairment.

#### Summary of Evidence:

Buttock augmentation or gluteal augmentation is used to improve the contour, size and shape of the buttocks. A buttock lift improves the tone of the underlying tissue in the buttocks. This is done through the use of buttock implants, fat grafting or sometimes a combination of the two. Buttock implants are silicone-filled devices that are surgically placed deep within the tissues of the buttock. Buttock augmentation through the use of fat grafting involves the transfer of fat from one area of the body into the tissues of the buttocks. This technique is sometimes referred to as a Brazilian butt lift. A Brazilian butt lift is a common buttock enhancement procedure (ASPS, 2024).

Marchica et al (2022) Upper arm lift is a widespread body contouring procedure, but no globally accepted guidelines exist in selecting patients and, due to comorbidity and heterogeneity of them, it is difficult to identify predictive factors of good surgical outcome. The authors review the team's experience of 56 brachioplasty performed in massive weighs loss patients. In a retrospective analysis data of 56 consecutive arm lifts were reviewed for preoperative, perioperative and postoperative variables and outcomes (complications, scarring, wound healing, revision surgery, need for blood transfusion, satisfaction, etc.). Surgical technique and postoperative care are described. A statistical analysis was performed to identify relationship between possible predictive factors and outcomes. Furthermore, an evaluation of different employed wound management devices was conducted. Followup ranged from 6 to 36 months (mean 20.1 months). Outcomes summary is reported (overall complication rate 50%, poor scarring rate 25%, delayed wound healing rate 26.8%, revision surgery rate 37.5%, need for blood transfusion rate 8.9%, satisfaction rate 71.4%) and statistical investigation evidenced the role of prior plastic surgery BMI and the associated change in BMI before and after weight loss, just prior brachioplasty, and the modality of weight loss. The authors' technique resulted in positive outcomes overall, considering the difficulty in dealing with the problems of MWL patients. Based on our results, we aim to suggest to perform brachioplasty in patient with the lower achievable BMI (preferably <30kg/m2) to reduce the negative effect of unmodifiable factors as diabetes, modality of weight loss, a wide  $\Delta$ BMI, and other well-known negative predictive factors.

Brachioplasty is an increasingly popular procedure performed for improved arm contour in the massiveweight-loss population. There are challenging deformities presented in this population, such as redundant skin, posterior arm lipodystrophy, and loosening of fascial layers of the upper arm and chest wall that must be addressed to achieve successful contour of the arms. Common complications can be minimized with meticulous technique and knowledge of surgical anatomy. Additionally, brachioplasty can be combined with liposuction of the posterior arm as a safe and effective method for arm contouring without a higher risk of complications (Myers, Bossert, 2019).

# Examples of Reconstructive Procedures (Not all inclusive):

**Breast bilateral reconstruction** of the affected breast and the unaffected breast may be covered when performed following a medically necessary mastectomy. Refer to <u>Prophylactic Mastectomy 02-12000-15</u> and <u>"OTHER" section of this guideline, coverage for surgical procedures and devices incident to mastectomy.</u>

**Blepharoplasty** eye lid and brow surgical procedures. Refer to <u>Blepharoplasty/Brow Surgical</u> <u>Procedures 02-65000-11</u>

**Brachioplasty (arm lift) meets the definition of medical necessity** when done in the presence of a functional impairment cause directly by the excess skin (e.g., redundant or excessive skin is interfering with activities of daily living or causing persistent dermatitis, cellulitis, skin ulcerations, physical deformity or disfigurement) and the functional impairment is refractory to 3 months of continuous medical therapy (e.g., topical or systemic treatments for infection) and the procedure is expected to restore or improve the functional impairment.

**Brachioplasty (arm lift) do not meet the definition of medical necessity** when done for aesthetic improvement to excessive or laxity skin of the upper arm).

**Breast asymmetry** surgical reconstruction of breast deformity (e.g., Poland's syndrome) <u>Refer to</u> <u>"OTHER" section of this guideline, coverage for surgical procedures and devices incident to</u> <u>mastectomy.</u>

Reduction mammaplasty (19318) Refer to Reduction Mammaplasty 02-12000-11

Breast augmentation refer to Reduction Mammaplasty 02-12000-11

Post surgical reconstruction of deformity (e.g., Poland's syndrome-insertion of subcutaneous tissue expanders)

<u>Refer to "OTHER" section of this guideline, coverage for surgical procedures and devices incident to</u> <u>mastectomy.</u>

# Breast fat grafting for breast reconstruction

Fat grafting for breast reconstruction (e.g., liposuction, lipoinjection, lipofilling, lipomodeling) is **considered integral** to the primary procedure (e.g., breast reconstruction (19357, 19361, 19364, 19366, 19367, 19368, 19369, S2066, S2067, S2068)); reduction mammaplasty (19318); mastopexy (19316)) and is not separately reimbursable. Note: codes may not be all inclusive.

Fat grafting for breast reconstruction (e.g., liposuction, lipoinjection, lipofilling, lipomodeling) as a stand-alone procedure requires Medical Director review.

The use of enriched fat grafting with expanded adipose-derived stem cells to the breast is considered **experimental or investigational**. The evidence is insufficient to determine the effects of enriched fat grafting with expanded adipose-derived stem cells to the breast on health outcomes.

**Breast implant: insertion and removal:** post mastectomy reconstruction. Removal due to complications from an implant (e.g., rupture, leakage, infection). Refer to <u>Prophylactic Mastectomy</u> <u>02-12000-15</u> (e.g., Poland's syndrome-insertion of subcutaneous tissue expanders).

<u>Refer to "OTHER" section of this guideline, coverage for surgical procedures and devices incident to</u> <u>mastectomy.</u>

**Breast implant repositioning:** post surgical mastectomy reconstruction. Refer to <u>Prophylactic</u> <u>Mastectomy 02-12000-15</u>

(e.g., Poland's syndrome-insertion of subcutaneous tissue expanders).

Chin implant for deformities of the maxilla or mandible resulting from trauma or disease.

**Congenital anomalies** a physical developmental defect that is present at birth, which do not result in functional impairment but which are so severely disfiguring as to merit consideration for corrective surgery are reviewed for individual consideration (e.g., cranio-facial anomalies associated with Crouzon's syndrome and Treacher-Collins syndrome, etc.).

**Congenital deformities in children** are reviewed for individual consideration and may include (e.g., cleft lip and palate, deforming hemangiomas, pectus excavatum, syndactyly, macrodactylia (macrodactyly).

Dermabrasion. Refer to Dermabrasion; Chemical Peel; Salabrasion 02-12000-08

**Dermal and epidermal chemical peels.** Refer to Dermabrasion; Chemical Peel; Salabrasion 02-12000-08

**Disfigurement of the face** resulting from deformity, trauma, or disease. Procedures performed to correct disfigurement of the face.

Ear lobe repair (e.g., tear) of an acute traumatic injury meets the definition of medical necessity.

Ear lobe repair to close a stretched pierce hole is considered cosmetic and does not meet the definition of medical necessity.

**Lifts (buttock, thigh) meets the definition of medical necessity** when there is a functional impairment caused directly by the excess skin (e.g., redundant or excessive skin is interfering with activities of daily living or causing persistent dermatitis, cellulitis, skin ulcerations, physical deformity or disfigurement) and the functional impairment persists is refractory to 3 months of continuous medical therapy (e.g., topical or systemic treatments for infection) and the procedure is expected to restore or improve the functional impairment.

**Lifts (buttock, thigh) do not meet the definition of medical necessity** when done for aesthetic improvement to excessive or laxity skin of the buttocks and thigh.

Lipectomy for lymphedema Refer to <u>Surgical Treatments for Lymphedema & Lipedema 02-12000-18</u> Liposuction (tumescent or water-assisted) and/or lipectomy Refer to <u>Surgical Treatments for</u> Lymphedema & Lipedema 02-12000-18 Mastectomy for GynecomastiaRefer to Mastectomy for Gynecomastia 02-12000-14

**Mastopexy** to correct a pendulous breast following a mastectomy or reconstruction for breast cancer to achieve symmetry (e.g., Poland's syndrome).

**Otoplasty/Pinnaplasty** for absence of the ear (anotia) or deformed ears resulting from trauma or disease (e.g., microtia). Otoplasty/pinnaplasty **meets the definition of medical necessity** when performed to improve hearing in the ear canal.

Otoplasty/pinnaplasty to correct large or protruding ears when the surgery will not improve hearing is considered cosmetic and does not meet the definition of medical necessity.

Panniculectomy Refer to Panniculectomy and Abdominoplasty 02-12000-16

**Perineoplasty** (perineorrhaphy) to treat vulvodynia (chronic pain and discomfort of the vulva) and vulvar vestibulitis (burning pain during sexual intercourse).

**Photoderm/Fotofacial (skin correction, facial rejuvenation)-Intense Pulsed Light** laser surgery for treatment of severe cases of rosacea (e.g., redness, inflammation, skin eruptions).

Post mastectomy for breast reconstruction.

Prophylactic Mastectomy Refer to Prophylactic Mastectomy 02-12000-15

**Repositioning of breast** post mastectomy reconstruction of the remaining breast, including reconstruction of the nipple and areolar complex. Reconstruction of the contralateral (non-diseased) breast may be necessary to achieve symmetry between the two breasts.

**Rhinoplasty** for external nasal deformity due to trauma or disease, air obstruction from deformities due to disease, congenital abnormality.

**Rhytidectomy** for correction of functional impairment from facial nerve palsy.

**Scar surgery/treatment** (e.g., dermabrasion, intralesional steroid injection) when the scar(s) interferes with normal bodily function or causes pain. Refer to Dermabrasion; Chemical Peel; Salabrasion 02-12000-08

Treatment of keloid(s) (also known as hypertrophic scars) meets the definition of medical necessity resulting from trauma or surgery and interferes with normal bodily function or causes pain. Medical management include (e.g., corticosteroids injections, surgical removal, pressure (dressing, garment), laser, silicone, gels, cryotherapy, radiation, ligature).

Treatment of keloid(s) do not meet the definition of medical necessity when performed in the absence of a functional impairment or for aesthetic (improving appearance) or cosmetic reasons.

**Scar revisions** resulting from trauma or surgery and meets the definition of reconstructive surgery, are covered.

**Septoplasty** documentation is required for medical review. Refer to <u>Septoplasty - Certificate of</u> <u>Medical Necessity</u>. The following documentation is required for medical review: physician history and physical, physician operative report, pathology report, and attending physician visit notes that include documentation of medical indication.

**Skin lesions** (e.g., skin tags) removal **do not meet the definition of medical necessity** when done for aesthetic (improving appearance) or cosmetic reasons.

Strabismus treatment in individuals 18 years of age or older are reviewed by individual consideration

**Subcutaneous injection of filling material (e.g., collagen) (11950, 11951, 11952, 11954)** is typically a purified material derived from bovine hide dispersed in a saline solution and injected with a local anesthetic into the tissues. Collagen injections may be covered when performed to repair facial congenital anomalies **and/or** facial trauma that result in functional impairment.

Reimbursement for collagen injections is based on medical review of photographs and documentation describing the medical indications for the procedure.

## Tattoos

Tattooing of the areola as part of a nipple reconstruction following a covered mastectomy.

Tattooing for radiation therapy planning.

Vascular birth marks salmon patch [nevus simples], strawberry hemangioma, port-wine stain [nevus flammeus] on the face, neck, or other body areas when functional impairment is documented.

## Nerve repair with allograft

Commercially prepared allograft **meets the definition of medical necessity** for use during peripheral nerve repair when the criteria in one of the following categories I, II, or III are met:

- I. Primary nerve tumor of the nerve or nerve resection is required for oncologic treatment (such as adequate margin control) and **ALL** of the following are met:
  - Primary repair or direct re-approximation of the nerve is not possible or safe
  - Nerve transfer is not an option (such as anterior interosseous nerve transfer).

#### OR

- II. Acute injury requiring immediate surgical repair and ALL the following are met:
  - Primary repair or direct re-approximation of the nerve is not possible or safe
  - Nerve transfer is not an option (such as anterior interosseous nerve transfer).

#### OR

III. There is a history of a known reasonable mechanism of injury to the nerve (such as penetrating trauma or complication/sequela of surgery) and the nerve injury occurred within the last year (Medical necessity for nerve injuries greater than one year require review by a medical director and should be handled on an individual basis and discussed with the provider to determine medical appropriateness) for the following:

#### Sensory nerves:

Loss of function determined by one of the following:

Abnormal 2-point discrimination or Semmes Weinstein

- Monofilament testing or other physical examination findings
- Abnormal nerve conduction study (NCIS)
- Patient self-report symptoms

#### OR

#### Motor nerves:

Loss of function determined by one of the following:

- Abnormal electromyography (EMG)
- Abnormal nerve conduction study test (NCS)
- Physical examination findings.

#### OR

Motor or sensory nerves:

Nerve lesion such as neuroma, documented by magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) and **ALL** of the following conditions are met:

- Primary repair or direct re-approximation of the nerve is not possible or safe
- Nerve transfer is not an option (such as anterior interosseous nerve transfer).

Nerve repair with allograft for all other indications is considered **experimental or investigational**. The evidence is insufficient to determine the effects of nerve repair with allograft on health outcomes.

#### Allograft in breast reconstruction

Commercially prepared allograft **meets the definition of medical necessity** for the neurotization of free tissue transfer/free flaps when a flap is used that has the potential to recreate nipple areolar complex sensation and the intercostal nerves are too distant to achieve primary anastomosis.

## Examples of Cosmetic Procedures (Not all inclusive):

Abdominoplasty. Refer to Panniculectomy and Abdominoplasty 02-12000-16

**Breast augmentation** of small but otherwise normal and symmetrical breasts or to create symmetry between normal breasts.

**Breast implant repositioning** to reposition a displaced implant when the original procedure was performed for cosmetic enhancements.

Breast reconstruction (implant insertion and removal) for cosmetic enhancements.

**Chin implant** not the result of disease, trauma or deformity.

Chin injection for improvement in appearance (e.g., submental fat (double chin)).

CoolSculpting (e.g., cryolipolysis, fat freezing)

Dermabrasion Refer to Dermabrasion; Chemical Peel; Salabrasion 02-12000-08

**Dermal and epidermal chemical peels** Refer to Dermabrasion; Chemical Peel; Salabrasion 02-12000-08

**Dermal fillers (soft tissue fillers) or filler injections (e.g., injectable dermal fillers, injectable implants)** to smooth wrinkles or scars or make a body part fuller (e.g., face, nasolabial folds, cheeks, lips, hand).

Diastasis recti Refer to Panniculectomy and Abdominoplasty 02-12000-16

**Disfigurement of the face** for cosmetic enhancements.

Ear or body piercing

Genitalia to improve and /or enhance the appearance or sexual performance of:

Female genitalia (e.g., vaginal rejuvenation, vaginoplasty, vulvar reconstruction)

Male genitalia (e.g., penile reconstruction)

Hair loss to correct hair loss (e.g., Minoxidil, Rogaine, hair implants, hair transplants).

Hair transplants for male and female pattern baldness or to correct hair loss (e.g., alopecia).

Injection of sclerosing solutions for spider veins (telangiectasia) Refer to <u>Treatments for Varicose</u> Veins 02-33000-31

**Inverted nipple** to correct nipple inversion for breast enhancement.

Laser resurfacing for wrinkling or aging skin.

Lifts: Buttock (e.g., Brazilian butt lift (gluteal fat grafting) or thigh for cosmetic enhancements.

Lipectomy (Suction Assisted Lipectomy (SAL) or liposuction removal of excessive fat to reshape a specific part of the body (e.g., face, neck, arms, abdomen, hips, thighs, breast) for cosmetic reasons. Mastopexy correction of sagging breast in the absence of a mastectomy for cosmetic enhancements

Breast asymmetry for normal breasts.

Moon face to correct moon face.

**Otoplasty** for large or protruding ears for cosmetic enhancements.

Panniculectomy/Abdominoplasty Refer to Panniculectomy and Abdominoplasty 02-12000-16

**Photoderm/Fotofacial (skin correction, facial rejuvenation)-Intense Pulsed Light** for facial spider veins, unsightly leg veins, birthmarks, age spots, sun spots, freckles, tattoos, unwanted hair, varicose veins, rosacea telangiectasia, and vascular lesions or skin conditions (broken capillaries), and hyperpigmentation.

**Prophylactic Mastectomy** no high risk or moderately increased risk of breast cancer or lobular carcinoma in situ (LCIS).

Refer to Prophylactic Mastectomy 02-12000-15 and Mastectomy for Gynecomastia 02-12000-14

**Removal of breast tissue in the male for gynecomastia.** Refer to Mastectomy for Gynecomastia 02-12000-14

**Removal of hair** including excessive hair caused by a physical or medical disorder (e.g., electrolysis for hirsutism, laser hair removal).

**Removal of excess fat** to improve appearance (e.g., liposuction, injection lipolysis, lipotropic injection).

**Removal of excess skin** to improve appearance after surgical procedure (e.g., liposuction or lipectomy, bariatric surgery) or weight loss when there is no functional impairment from the excess skin.

**Removal of scar(s)** for removal of acne scar(s) for cosmetic enhancements.

Repositioning of breast for cosmetic enhancements.

**Rhinoplasty** for external nasal deformity not due to trauma or disease; for cosmetic enhancements.

**Rhytidectomy** of the face for aging skin, face lifts to remove wrinkles or frown lines.

Salabrasion Refer to Dermabrasion; Chemical Peel; Salabrasion 02-12000-08

Skin wrinkling cosmetic surgery and procedures or supplies to correct skin wrinkling.

**Tattoos** Removal of and treatment of decorative tattoos (e.g., eyebrow, eyelid, body (arms, legs, torso, neck, upper/lower body)).

Vascular birth marks salmon patch [nevus simples], strawberry hemangioma, port-wine stain [nevus flammeus] no functional impairment is documented.

## **Non-Covered Procedures:**

The following codes are considered cosmetic services and are non-covered.			
15828	Rhytidectomy; cheek, chin, and neck		
15829	Rhytidectomy; superficial musculoaponeurotic system (SMAS) flap		
17380	Electrolysis epilation, each ½ hour		
69090	Ear piercing		
69300	Otoplasty, protruding ear, with or without size reduction		
Q2026	Injection Radiesse, 0.1 ml		

The following code may be cosmetic; medical review is required to determine if considered cosmetic or reconstructive.

J0591	Injection, deoxycholic acid, 1 mg
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# **BILLING/CODING INFORMATION:**

#### **Reconstructive Surgery**

The following information is required documentation for medical review: physician history and physical, physician operative report, pathology report, and attending physician visit notes that include documentation of medical indication.

DOCUMENTATION	LOINC	LOINC TIME FRAME	LOINC TIME FRAME MODIFIER
TABLE	CODES	MODIFIER CODE	CODES NARRATIVE
Physician history and	28626-0	18805-2	Include all data of the selected type
physical			that represents observations made
			six months or fewer before starting
			date of service for the claim.
Physician operative	28573-4	18805-2	Include all data of the selected type
report			that represents observations made
			six months or fewer before starting
			date of service for the claim.
Pathology report	27898-6	18805-2	Include all data of the selected type
			that represents observations made
			six months or fewer before starting
			date of service for the claim.
Attending physician	18733-6	18805-2	Include all data of the selected type
visit note			that represents observations made

#### LOINC Codes

	six months or fewer before starting
	date of service for the claim.

**NOTE:** Photos are not required with the initial review. Photos should be maintained as part of the medical record. Florida Blue may request photos as part of the review process.

The following procedure codes may be used to report reconstructive surgery. The following procedures require medical review.

# **CPT Coding**

	·9		
11920	Tattooing, intradermal introduction of insoluble opaque pigments to correct color		
	defects of skin, including micropigmentation; 6.0 sq cm or less		
11921	Tattooing, intradermal introduction of insoluble opaque pigments to correct color		
	defects of skin, including micropigmentation; 6.1 to 20.0 sq cm, or part thereof (List		
	separately in addition to code for primary procedure)		
11922	Tattooing, intradermal introduction of insoluble opaque pigments to correct color		
	defects of skin, including micropigmentation; each additional 20.0 sq cm		
11950	Subcutaneous injection of filling material (e.g. collagen); 1 cc or less		
11951	Subcutaneous injection of filling material (e.g. collagen); 1.1 to 5.0 cc		
11952	Subcutaneous injection of filling material (e.g. collagen); 5.1 to 10.0 cc		
11954	Subcutaneous injection of filling material (e.g. collagen); over 10.0 cc		
11960	Insertion of tissue expander(s) for other than breast, including subsequent expansion		
11970	Replacement of tissue expander with permanent implant		
15775	Punch graft for hair transplant; 1 to 15 punch grafts		
15776	Punch graft for hair transplant; more than 15 punch grafts		
15824	Rhytidectomy; forehead		
15825	Rhytidectomy; neck with platysmal tightening (platysmal flap, P-flap)		
15826	Rhytidectomy; glabellar frown lines		
15830	Excision, excessive skin and subcutaneous tissue (includes lipectomy); abdomen,		
	infraumbilical panniculectomy		
15832	Excision, excessive skin and subcutaneous tissue (including lipectomy); thigh		
15833	Excision, excessive skin and subcutaneous tissue (including lipectomy); leg		
15834	Excision, excessive skin and subcutaneous tissue (including lipectomy); hip		
15835	Excision, excessive skin and subcutaneous tissue (including lipectomy); buttock		
15836	Excision, excessive skin and subcutaneous tissue (including lipectomy); arm		
15837	Excision, excessive skin and subcutaneous tissue (including lipectomy); forearm or		
	hand		
15838	Excision, excessive skin and subcutaneous tissue (including lipectomy); submental fat		
	pad		
15839	Excision, excessive skin and subcutaneous tissue (including lipectomy); other area		
15840	Graft for facial nerve paralysis; free fascia graft (including obtaining fascia)		
15841	Graft for facial nerve paralysis; free muscle graft (including obtaining graft)		
15842	Graft for facial nerve paralysis; free muscle flap by microsurgical technique		
15845	Graft for facial nerve paralysis; regional muscle transfer		

15847	Excision, excessive skin and subcutaneous tissue (includes lipectomy), abdomen (e.g.,				
15047	abdominoplasty) (includes umbilical transposition and fascial placation) (list				
	separately in addition to code for primary procedure)				
15876	Suction assisted lipectomy; head and neck				
15877	Suction assisted lipectomy; trunk				
15878	Suction assisted lipectomy; upper extremity				
15879	Suction assisted lipectomy; lower extremity				
17106	Destruction of cutaneous vascular proliferative lesions (e.g., laser technique); less				
1/100	than 10 sq cm				
17107	Destruction of cutaneous vascular proliferative lesions (e.g., laser technique); 10.0 to				
1, 10,	50.0 sq cm				
17108	Destruction of cutaneous vascular proliferative lesions (e.g., laser technique); over				
_/ _00	50.0 sq cm				
19316	Mastopexy				
19325	Mammaplasty, augmentation; with prosthetic implant				
19328	Removal of intact breast implant				
19330	Removal of ruptured breast implant material including implant contents (e.g., saline,				
	silicone gel)				
19340	Insertion of breast implant on same day from mastectomy (ie, immediate)				
19342	Insertion or replacement of breast implant on separate day from mastectomy				
19350	Nipple/areola reconstruction				
19355	Correction of inverted nipples				
19357	Tissue expander placement in breast reconstruction, including subsequent				
	expansion(s)				
19361	Breast reconstruction with latissimus dorsi flap				
19364	Breast reconstruction with free flap (e.g., fTRAM, DIEP, SIEA, GAP flap)				
19367	Breast reconstruction with single-pedicled transverse rectus abdominis				
	myocutaneous (TRAM) flap				
19368	Breast reconstruction with single-pedicled transverse rectus abdominis (TRAM) flap				
	requiring separate microvascular anastomosis (supercharging)				
19369	Breast reconstruction with bipedicled transverse rectus abdominis myocutaneous				
	(TRAM) flap				
19370	Revision of peri-implant capsule, breast, including capsulotomy, breast				
	capsulorrhaphy, and/or partial capsulectomy				
19371	Peri-implant capsulectomy, breast, complete, including removal of all intracapsular				
	contents				
19380	Revision of reconstructed breast (e.g., significant removal of tissue, re-advancement				
	and/or re-inset of flaps in autologous reconstruction or significant capsular revision				
	combined with soft tissue excision in implant-based reconstruction)				
19396	Preparation of moulage for custom breast implant				
21125	Augmentation, mandibular body or angle; prosthetic material				
21127	Augmentation, mandibular body or angle; with bone graft, onlay or interpositional				
	(includes obtaining autograft)				

21137	Reduction forehead; contouring only			
21138	Reduction forehead; contouring and application of prosthetic material or bone graft			
	(includes obtaining autograft)			
21139	Reduction forehead; contouring and setback of anterior frontal sinus wall			
21172	Reconstruction superior-lateral orbital rim and lower forehead, advancement or			
	alteration, with or without grafts (includes obtaining autografts)			
21175	Reconstruction, bifrontal, superior-lateral orbital rims and lower forehead,			
	advancement or alteration (e.g., plagiocephaly, trigonocephaly, brachycephaly), with			
	or without grafts (includes obtaining autografts)			
21179	Reconstruction, entire or majority of forehead and/or supraorbital rims; with grafts			
-	(allograft or prosthetic material)			
21180	Reconstruction, entire or majority of forehead and/or supraorbital rims; with			
	autograft (includes obtaining grafts)			
21208	Osteoplasty, facial bones; augmentation (autograft, allograft, or prosthetic implant)			
21209	Osteoplasty, facial bones; reduction			
21230	Graft; rib cartilage, autogenous, to face, chin, nose or ear (includes obtaining graft)			
21235	Graft; ear cartilage autogenous, to nose or ear (includes obtaining graft)			
21244	Reconstruction of mandible, extraoral, with transosteal bone plate (e.g., mandibular			
	staple bone plate)			
21245	Reconstruction of mandible or maxilla, subperiosteal implant; partial			
21246	Reconstruction of mandible or maxilla, subperiosteal implant; complete			
21247	Reconstruction of mandibular condyle with bone and cartilage autografts (includes			
	obtaining grafts) e.g., for hemifacial microsomia)			
21248	Reconstruction of mandible or maxilla, endosteal implant (e.g., blade, cylinder);			
	partial			
21249	Reconstruction of mandible or maxilla, endosteal implant (e.g., blade, cylinder);			
	complete			
21255	Reconstruction of zygomatic arch and glenoid fossa with bone and cartilage (includes			
	obtaining autografts)			
21256	Reconstruction or orbit with osteotomies (extracranial) and with bone grafts (includes			
	obtaining autografts) (e.g., micro-ophthalmia)			
21260	Periorbital osteotomies for orbital hypertelorism, with bone grafts; extracranial			
	approach			
21261	Periorbital osteotomies for orbital hypertelorism, with bone grafts; combined intra-			
	and extracranial approach			
21263	Periorbital osteotomies for orbital hypertelorism, with bone grafts; with forehead			
	advancement			
21267	Periorbital osteotomies for orbital hypertelorism, with bone grafts; with forehead			
	advancement			
21268	Orbital repositioning, periorbital osteotomies, unilateral, with bone grafts; combined			
	intra-and extracranial approach			
21270	Malar augmentation, prosthetic material			
21280	Medial canthopexy (separate procedure)			

21282	Lateral canthopexy
30120	Excision or surgical planning of skin or nose for rhinophyma
30400	Rhinoplasty, primary; lateral or alar cartilages and/or elevation of nasal tip
30410	Rhinoplasty, primary; complete, external parts including bony pyramid, lateral and
	alar cartilages, and/or elevation of nasal tip
30420	Rhinoplasty, primary; including major septal repair
30430	Rhinoplasty, secondary; minor revision (small amount of nasal tip work)
30435	Rhinoplasty, secondary; intermediate revision (bony work with osteotomies)
30450	Rhinoplasty; major revision (nasal tip work and osteotomies)
30460	Rhinoplasty for nasal deformity secondary to congenital cleft lip and/or palate,
	including columellar lengthen; tip only
30462	Rhinoplasty for nasal deformity secondary to congenital cleft lip and/or palate,
	including columellar lengthen; tip, septum, osteotomies
30465	Repair of nasal vestibular stenosis (e.g., spreader grafting, lateral nasal wall
	reconstruction)
30520	Septoplasty or submucous resection, with or without cartilage scoring contouring or
	replacement with graft
30620	Septal or other intranasal dermatoplasty (does not include obtaining graft)
40840	Vestibuloplasty; anterior
40842	Vestibuloplasty; posterior, unilateral
40843	Vestibuloplasty; posterior bilateral
40844	Vestibuloplasty; entire arch
40845	Vestibuloplasty; complex (including ridge extension, muscle repositioning)
54660	Insertion of testicular prosthesis (separate procedure)
56810	Perineoplasty, repair of perineum nonobstetrical (separate procedure)
64912	Nerve repair; with nerve allograft, each nerve, first strand (cable)
64913	Nerve repair; with nerve allograft, each additional strand (List separately in addition
	to code for primary procedure)
67909	Reduction of overcorrection of ptosis
67911	Correction of lid retraction
67914	Repair of ectropion; suture
67915	Repair of ectropion; thermo-cauterization
67916	Repair of ectropion; excision tarsal wedge
67917	Repair of ectropion; extensive (e.g., tarsal strip operation)
67921	Repair of entropion; suture
67922	Repair of entropion; thermo-cauterization
67923	Repair of entropion; excision tarsal wedge
67971	Reconstruction of eyelid, full thickness by transfer of tarsoconjunctival flap from
	opposing eyelid; up to two-thirds of eyelid, I stage or first stage
67973	Reconstruction of eyelid, full thickness by transfer of tarsoconjunctival flap from
	opposing eyelid; total eyelid, lower, 1 stage or first stage
67974	Reconstruction of eyelid, full thickness by transfer of tarsoconjunctival flap from
	opposing eyelid; total eyelid, upper, 1 stage or first stage

67975	Reconstruction of eyelid, full thickness by transfer of tarsoconjunctival flap from
	opposing eyelid; second stage

## **HCPCS Coding**

L8600	Implantable breast prosthesis, silicone or equal		
S2066	Breast reconstruction with gluteal artery perforator (GAP) flap, including harvesting of		
	the flap, microvascular transfer, closure of donor site and shaping the flap into a		
	breast, unilateral		
S2067	Breast reconstruction of a single breast with "stacked" deep inferior epigastric		
	perforator (DIEP) flap(s) and/or gluteal artery perforator (GAP) flap(s), including		
	harvesting of the flap(s), microvascular transfer, closure of donor site(s) and shaping		
	the flap into a breast		
S2068	Breast reconstruction with deep inferior epigastric perforator (DIEP) flap or superficial		
	inferior epigastric artery (SIEA) flap, including harvesting of the flap, microvascular		
	transfer, closure of donor site and shaping the flap into a breast, unilateral		

#### **Cosmetic Surgery**

The following information is required documentation for medical review: physician history and physical, physician operative report, pathology report, and attending physician visit notes that include documentation of medical indication.

## **LOINC Codes**

DOCUMENTATION	LOINC	LOINC TIME FRAME	LOINC TIME FRAME MODIFIER
TABLE	CODES	MODIFIER CODE	CODES NARRATIVE
Physician history and	28626-0	18805-2	Include all data of the selected type
physical			that represents observations made
			six months or fewer before starting
			date of service for the claim.
Physician operative	28573-4	18805-2	Include all data of the selected type
report			that represents observations made
			six months or fewer before starting
			date of service for the claim.
Pathology report	27898-6	18805-2	Include all data of the selected type
			that represents observations made
			six months or fewer before starting
			date of service for the claim.
Attending physician	18733-6	18805-2	Include all data of the selected type
visit note			that represents observations made
			six months or fewer before starting
			date of service for the claim.

The following procedure codes may be used to report cosmetic surgery and may be considered cosmetic services.

The following procedures require medical review.

## **CPT Coding**

	-
15832	Excision, excessive skin and subcutaneous tissue (including lipectomy); thigh
15833	Excision, excessive skin and subcutaneous tissue (including lipectomy); leg
15834	Excision, excessive skin and subcutaneous tissue (including lipectomy); hip
15835	Excision, excessive skin and subcutaneous tissue (including lipectomy); buttock
15836	Excision, excessive skin and subcutaneous tissue (including lipectomy); arm
15837	Excision, excessive skin and subcutaneous tissue (including lipectomy); forearm or hand
15838	Excision, excessive skin and subcutaneous tissue (including lipectomy); submental fat
	pad
15839	Excision, excessive skin and subcutaneous tissue (including lipectomy); other area
21137	Reduction forehead; contouring only
56805	Clitoroplasty for intersex state
57335	Vaginoplasty for intersex state
67715	Canthotomy (separate procedure)
67050	Canthoplasty (reconstruction of canthus)
67950	canthopiasty (reconstruction of canthus)

# **REIMBURSEMENT INFORMATION:**

Refer to section entitled **POSITION STATEMENT**.

# **PROGRAM EXCEPTIONS:**

Federal Employee Program (FEP): Follow FEP guidelines.

State Account Organization (SAO): Follow SAO guidelines.

#### Medicare Advantage Products:

No Local Coverage Determination (LCD) were found at the time of the last guideline reviewed date.

The following National Coverage Determination (NCD) was reviewed on the last guideline reviewed date: Plastic Surgery to Correct Moon Face (140.4) located at cms.gov.

If this Medical Coverage Guideline contains a step therapy requirement, in compliance with Florida law 627.42393, members or providers may request a step therapy protocol exemption to this requirement if based on medical necessity. The process for requesting a protocol exemption can be found at <u>Coverage</u> <u>Protocol Exemption Request</u>

## **DEFINITIONS:**

Blepharochalasis: drooping, sagging eyelids.

Blepharoplasty: surgical removal of excess skin of the eyelids.

**Capsulotomy:** incision of a capsule (i.e., eye or joint).

**Congenital disorder:** known to result in significant impairment of health or intellect.

**Crouzon's syndrome:** an inherited disorder that is controlled by an autosomal dominant gene, and is characterized by malformation of the skull duet to premature ossification and closure of sutures and by widely spaced eyes, abnormal protrusion of the eyeballs, a beaked nose, underdeveloped of the maxilla with protrusion of the mandible.

**Dermabrasion:** planing of the skin, done by mechanical means (i.e., rotary power sander, sandpaper, wire brushes).

Genioplasty: surgical correction of the chin and lip.

**Hemangioma:** a usually benign tumor made up of blood vessels that typically occurs as a purplish or reddish slightly elevated area of skin.

Hirsutism: excessive growth of hair of normal or abnormal distribution.

Keloid (also known as hypertrophic scar): a type of raised scar.

Macrodactylia (macrodactyly): abnormal largeness of the fingers and toes.

Mammaplasty: surgical reconstruction of the breast to augment or reduce its size.

Mastopexy: surgical repair of pendulous breasts.

Mentoplasty: surgical correction of chin deformities.

Micrognathism: receding chin and jaw.

Microtia: absence of the external part of the ear.

Moon face: the full rounded facies characteristic of hyperadrenocorticism.

Osteotomy, osteoplasty: plastic surgery of bones.

**Otoplasty:** surgical correction of ear deformities.

**Pectus excavatum (funnel chest):** a depression of the anterior wall of the chest produced by a sinking in of the sternum.

**Poland's syndrome:** a developmental disorder that is present at birth (congenital) and occurs in males and females. The classic features include the following: absence of sternal head of the pectoralis major, hypoplasia and/or aplasia of breast or nipple, deficiency of subcutaneous fat and axillary hair, abnormalities of rib cage, upper extremity anomalies (short -upper arm, forearm, or fingers [brachysumphalangism]), hypoplasia or aplasia or serratus, external oblique, pectoralis minor, latissimus dorsi, infraspinatus, and supraspinatus muscles, total absence of anterolateral ribs and herniation of lung, and symphalangism with anydactyly and hypoplasia or aplasia of the middle phalanges. Physical abnormalities may be confined to one side of the body (unilateral).

Rhinophyma: disease in which the nose is large, red, swollen with abnormal skin (rosacea).

Rhinoplasty, septorhinoplasty, septoplasty: surgical repair of the nose and/or septum.

Rhytidectomy: surgical removal of wrinkles (face-lift).

Syndactyly: a hereditary disorder marked by the joining or webbing or two or more fingers or toes.

**Treacher Collins Syndrome (mandibulofacial dysostosis, Franceschetti-Klein Syndrome):** a rare genetic syndrome that involves facial disfigurement and hearing loss.

Vascular birthmarks (salmon patch [nevus simples], strawberry hemangioma, port-wine stain [nevus flammeus]: a discoloration of the skin that is caused by malformations of blood vessels. They are present at birth or appear shortly after birth.

# **RELATED GUIDELINES:**

Blepharoplasty/Brow Surgical Procedures, 02-65000-11 Dermabrasion; Chemical Peel; Salabrasion, 02-10000-08 Mastectomy for Gynecomastia, 02-12000-14 Orthognathic Surgery, 02-12000-15 Panniculectomy and Abdominoplasty, 02-12000-16 Prophylactic Mastectomy, 02-12000-15 Prosthetics, 09-L0000-05 Reduction Mammaplasty, 02-12000-11 Surgery for Clinically Severe Obesity (Bariatric Surgery; Gastric Bypass Surgery), 02-40000-10 Treatments for Varicose Veins/Venous Insufficiency, 02-33000-31 Surgical Treatments for Lymphedema, 02-12000-18

# **OTHER:**

## Federal Law-SEC 713 Required Coverage for Reconstructive Surgery following Mastectomies

A group health plan, and a health insurance issuer providing health insurance coverage in connection with a group health plan, that provides medical and surgical benefits with respect to a mastectomy shall provide, in a case of a participant or beneficiary who is receiving benefits in connection with a mastectomy and who elects breast reconstruction in connection with such mastectomy, coverage for:

(1) All stages of reconstruction of the breast on which the mastectomy has been performed;

(2) Surgery and reconstruction of the other breast to produce a symmetrical appearance; and

(3) Prostheses and physical complications all stages of mastectomy, including lymphedemas; in a manner determined in consultation with the attending physician and the patient.

# Florida Statute-Chapter 627 – 627.6417 Coverage for surgical procedures and devices incident to mastectomy.

Any health insurance policy that provides coverage for mastectomies must also provide coverage for prosthetic devices and breast reconstructive surgery incident to the mastectomy. Breast reconstructive surgery must be in a manner chosen by the treating physician, consistent with prevailing medical standards, and in consultation with the patient. The term "mastectomy" means the removal of all or part of the breast for medically necessary reasons as determined by a licensed physician and the term "breast reconstructive surgery" means surgery to reestablish symmetry between the two breasts.

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- 4. ASPS Press Release: Fat Grafting Techniques for Breast Reconstruction are commonly Used by U.S. Plastic Surgeons, June 28, 2013.
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- 11. Florida Statute-Chapter 627 (627.6417) Coverage for surgical procedures and devices incident to mastectomy, 2008.
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# **COMMITTEE APPROVAL:**

This Medical Coverage Guideline (MCG) was approved by the Florida Blue Medical Policy and Coverage Committee on 12/5/24.

# **GUIDELINE UPDATE INFORMATION:**

12/31/00	Medical Coverage Guideline developed.
02/15/02	Reformatted Procedure and diagnosis coding updated.
08/15/02	Revision to cosmetic procedure codes.
08/19/03	Deleted 15824, 15829, and 17380 from the reconstructive surgery section under the
,,	Billing/Coding section of the guideline. Code 15821, 15829, and 17380 is as "always
	considered cosmetic services."
03/15/04	Annual review. Revised description section to clarify reconstructive services. Revised
	when services are not covered section; added to correct wrinkles, female, and correct
	hair loss.
10/15/04	Annual review. Revised and reformatted guideline.
01/01/06	Annual HCPCS coding update: revised descriptor for 67901 and 67902. Added S2068.
06/15/06	Deleted the requirement of photographs for documentation.
07/15/06	Added note regarding maintaining photos as part of the medical record.
08/15/06	Revised CPT coding; delete 15810, 15811 and 21280 (deleted codes), add 21260
	(possible reconstructive), 56805 and 57335 (possible cosmetic) revise descriptors for:
	11951, 11952, 11954, 19367, 19368, 19369, 21141, 21182, 21183, 21184, 21230,
	43846, 43848, and 67909 and list specific code in code range for: 15831 – 15839, 17106
	– 17108, 21240 – 21243, 21244 – 21256, 21261 – 21263, 21267 – 21268, 40840 –
	40845, 43850 – 43855 and 43860 – 43865. Added, "breast" to lipectomy/liposuction
	under WHEN SERVICES ARE NOT COVERED, examples of cosmetic procedures. Updated
	references and related Internet links.
11/15/06	Deleted 17340, 17360, 21083 and 21087. Added 67715 and 67950 to the
	BILLING/CODING INFORMATION section as procedure codes that may be used to report
	cosmetic surgery.
01/01/07	Annual HCPCS coding update: deleted code 15831 and 19140. Added 15830, 15847, and
	19300. Revised 19361 code descriptor.
07/01/07	HCPCS update. Added codes S2066 and S2067. Revised code S2068 code descriptor.
	Moved code S2068 to billing/coding information reconstructive surgery section. Deleted
	ICD-9 diagnoses codes that support medical necessity section (none applicable).
08/15/07	Reviewed; coverage statements maintained, guideline reformatted, references
	updated.
01/01/08	Annual HCPCS coding update: Added L8600. Revised code S2068 descriptor. Updated
	guideline, added Florida Statute 627.6417.
01/01/09	Annual HCPCS coding update: revised code descriptor for code 11922.
04/15/09	Deleted codes 56805 and 57335 from Medicare Advantage program exception
	statement. Updated references.
09/15/09	Annual review. Maintain position statements. Deleted 15780 – 15793. Updated
	references and related Internet links. Added "surgery" to title.

03/15/10	Added codes 67971, 67973, 67974, and 67975.
07/01/10	3rd quarter HCPCS coding update: added Q2026, Q2027, and S0196. Added Medicare
	Advantage products program exception for dermal injections for the treatment of facial
	lipodystrophy syndrome (FLS). Updated references.
09/15/10	Code update; added codes 67914, 67915, 67916, 69717, 67921, 67922, and 67923.
10/01/10	4th quarter HCPCS update; deleted codes S0196.
02/15/11	Added code 10040.
03/15/11	Added 15840, 15841, 15842 and 15845.
07/01/11	Revision; formatting changes.
10/15/11	Annual review. Maintain position statements. Updated references.
12/15/11	Revision; CPT code 10040 removed and added to the Acne Treatments guideline.
05/15/12	Code update; deleted 43842, 43843, 43846, 43847, 43848, 43850, 43855, 43860, 43865
, -,	and 43999.
07/15/12	Removed CPT codes 36468 and 36469; added both codes to the Treatments for
	Varicose Veins/Venous Insufficiency guideline.
02/15/13	Added Federal law for reconstructive surgery following mastectomies. Updated
	references.
07/01/13	Added cross-reference for Panniculectomy and Abdominoplasty, 02-12000-16.
08/15/13	Revision; deleted codes: 19300; refer to Mastectomy for Gynecomastia, 19318; refer to
	Reduction mammoplasty, 21120, 21121, 21122, 21123, 21141, 21142, 21143, 21145,
	21146, 21147, 21150, 21151, 21154, 21155, 21159, 21160, 21181, 21182, 21183,
	21184, 21188, 21193, 21194, 21195, 21196, 21198, 21199, 21206, 21210 and 21215
	added to Orthognathic Surgery, 21240, 21242 and 21243; refer to Temporomandibular
	Joint (TMJ) Dysfunction; Diagnosis Treatment, 15822, 15823, 67900, 67901, 67902,
	67903, 67904, 67906 and 67908; refer to Blepharoplasty/Brow Surgical Procedures.
	Updated program exceptions section and references.
11/15/13	Revision; Added statement for: brachioplasty (arm lift), ear lobe repair, lifts (buttock,
,,	thigh), otoplasty, perineoplasty, scar surgery, septoplasty, skin lesions, abdominoplasty,
	diastasis recti, and genitalia. Revised statement for: congenital anomalies, scar
	revisions, breast augmentation, dermal and epidermal, removal of excess skin, and
	rhytidectomy. Deleted code 17999 and 19499 and updated references.
01/01/14	Annual HCPCS coding update; deleted Q2027.
04/15/14	Deleted 15820 and 15821.
02/15/15	Updated reconstructive procedures section; added documentation for septoplasty.
. ,	Revised billing/coding information.
04/15/17	Added dermal fillers (soft tissue fillers) or filler injections (e.g., injectable dermal fillers,
, , ,	injectable implants) to smooth wrinkles or scars or make a body part fuller (e.g., face,
	nasolabial folds, cheeks, lips, hand). Added code 21280.
05/15/19	Revised statement for scar surgery; added "treatment". Added statement for treatment
55, 15, 15	
03/13/13	of keloid(s). Revised statement for skin lesions. Updated references.

09/15/20	Review/update; added J0591, double chin injection and removal of excess fat. Added
	medical necessity criteria and indications for allograft for peripheral nerve repair.
	Added code 64912 and 64913.
12/15/20	Review/update; added statement for fat grafting for breast reconstruction. Updated
	references.
01/01/21	Annual HCPCS code update. Revised code descriptor (19328, 19330, 19340, 19342,
	19357, 19361, 19364, 19367, 19368, 19369, 19370, 19371,19380). Deleted (19324,
	19366).
04/15/21	Revision; expanded medical necessity criteria for allograft for peripheral nerve repair.
	Added medical necessity criteria for allograft in breast reconstruction.
04/30/21	Deleted CMN statement and decision tree.
06/15/21	Revision; added medical necessity criteria for liposuction (tumescent or water-assisted)
	and/or lipectomy and lymphedema.
01/01/22	Revision; deleted medical necessity criteria for liposuction (tumescent or water-
	assisted) and/or lipectomy and lipectomy for lymphedema (added to Surgical
	Treatments for Lymphedema & Lipedema medical coverage guideline).
05/23/23	Update to Program Exceptions section.
12/15/23	
12/15/24	
01/01/25	
12/15/23 12/15/24	Update to Program Exceptions section.