05-86000-28

Original Effective Date: 02/15/09

Reviewed: 09/26/24

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Subject: Somatic Biomarker Testing (Including Liquid Biopsy) for Targeted Treatment in Metastatic Colorectal Cancer (KRAS, NRAS, BRAF, NTRK, and HER2)

THIS MEDICAL COVERAGE GUIDELINE IS NOT AN AUTHORIZATION, CERTIFICATION, EXPLANATION OF BENEFITS, OR A GUARANTEE OF PAYMENT, NOR DOES IT SUBSTITUTE FOR OR CONSTITUTE MEDICAL ADVICE. ALL MEDICAL DECISIONS ARE SOLELY THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE PATIENT AND PHYSICIAN. BENEFITS ARE DETERMINED BY THE GROUP CONTRACT, MEMBER BENEFIT BOOKLET, AND/OR INDIVIDUAL SUBSCRIBER CERTIFICATE IN EFFECT AT THE TIME SERVICES WERE RENDERED. THIS MEDICAL COVERAGE GUIDELINE APPLIES TO ALL LINES OF BUSINESS UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED IN THE PROGRAM EXCEPTIONS SECTION.

Position Statement	Billing/Coding	<u>Reimbursement</u>	Program Exceptions	<u>Definitions</u>	Related Guidelines
<u>Other</u>	References	<u>Update</u>			

DESCRIPTION:

The epidermal growth factor receptor (EGFR) is overexpressed in colorectal cancer (CRC). EGFR-targeted therapy combined with monoclonal antibodies cetuximab and panitumumab has shown a clear survival benefit in patients with metastatic CRC. However, this benefit depends on a lack of variants in certain genes in the signaling pathway downstream from the EGFR. It has been hypothesized that knowledge of tumor cell KRAS, NRAS, BRAF variant status might be used to predict nonresponse to anti-EGFR monoclonal antibody therapy. NTRK gene fusions, which are rare kinase fusion events, are a potential therapeutic target for CRC patients who may benefit from tropomysosin receptor kinase (TRK) inhibitor therapy. More recently, human epidermal growth factor receptor 2 (HER2) testing to select patients for targeted therapy has been proposed.

The association between colorectal cancer and the expression of the miR-31-3p microRNA has been studied in patients treated with anti-EGFR therapy. miR-31-3p expression has also been proposed as a possible predictor of drug response.

Summary and Analysis of Evidence: Individuals with a diagnosis of metastatic CRC who receive KRAS, NRAS, BRAF, NTRK, or HER2 testing to guide treatment, the evidence includes FDA-approved therapeutics with National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) recommendations of 2A or higher. The evidence includes the pivotal studies leading to the FDA and NCCN recommendations. The evidence to assess the association between metastatic colorectal cancer and the expression of miR-31-3p microRNA in individuals treated with anti-EGFR therapies includes case studies. Anandappa, et al (2019)

stated, "In conclusion, our results confirm the potential predictive role of miR-31-3p for the selection of patients undergoing anti-EGFR treatment. Further studies are needed to test if miR-31-3p might be combined with RAS testing in cfDNA to further identify best responders in specific clinical niches". The NCCN "Colon Cancer" clinical practice guideline (Version 4.2024) does not mention microRNA testing or miR-31-3p. The evidence is insufficient to determine the effects of the technology on health outcomes. For individuals with metastatic CRC who receive circulating tumor DNA or circulating tumor cell testing (liquid biopsy) to guide treatment, the evidence includes observational studies. Given the breadth of methodologies available to assess circulating tumor DNA and circulating tumor cells, the clinical validity of each commercially available test must be established independently. Clinical validity studies were limited by unclear reporting of blinding, use of convenience rather than consecutive samples, and variation in the timing of sample collection. There are no published studies reporting clinical outcomes or clinical utility. The evidence is insufficient to determine that the technology results in an improvement in the net health outcome.

POSITION STATEMENT:

Note: Coverage may be governed by state or federal mandates.

KRAS, NRAS, BRAF, NTRK, or HER2 testing of tumor tissue for members with metastatic colorectal cancer **meets the definition of medical necessity** to select treatment with FDA-approved therapies.

All other uses of KRAS, NRAS, BRAF, or HER2 testing of tumor tissue to guide colorectal cancer targeted therapy are considered **experimental or investigational**. The evidence is insufficient to determine the effects of the technology on health outcomes.

Circulating tumor DNA testing (liquid biopsy) to guide treatment in members with metastatic colorectal cancer is considered **experimental or investigational**. The evidence is insufficient to determine the effects of the technology on health outcomes.

MicroRNA expression testing to predict anti-EGFR therapy response (e.g. miR-31now[™]) is considered **experimental or investigational**. The evidence is insufficient to determine the effects of the technology on health outcomes.

BILLING/CODING INFORMATION:

CPT Coding:

81194	NTRK (neurotrophic receptor tyrosine kinase 1, 2, and 3) (eg, solid tumors) translocation analysis
81210	BRAF (B-Raf proto-oncogene, serine/threonine kinase) (eg, colon cancer,
	melanoma), gene analysis, V600 variant(s)
81275	KRAS (Kirsten rat sarcoma viral oncogene homolog) (eg, carcinoma) gene analysis;
	variants in exon 2 (e.g., codons 12 and 13)
81276	KRAS (Kirsten rat sarcoma viral oncogene homolog) (eg, carcinoma) gene analysis;
	additional variant(s) (e.g., codon 61, codon 146)

81311	NRAS (neuroblastoma RAS viral [v-ras] oncogene homolog) (eg, colorectal carcinoma), gene analysis, variants in exon 2 (eg, codons 12 and 13) and exon 3 (eg, codon 61)
88360	Morphometric analysis, tumor immunohistochemistry (eg, Her-2/neu, estrogen receptor/progesterone receptor), quantitative or semiquantitative, per specimen, each single antibody stain procedure; manual
88363	Examination and selection of retrieved archival (ie, previously diagnosed) tissue(s) for molecular analysis (eg, KRAS mutational analysis)
0069U	Oncology (colorectal), microRNA, RT-PCR expression profiling of miR-31-3p, formalin-fixed paraffin-embedded tissue, algorithm reported as an expression score (Investigational)

ICD-10 Diagnosis Codes That Support Medical Necessity:

C18.0 - C18.9	Malignant neoplasm of colon	
C19	Malignant neoplasm of rectosigmoid junction	
C20	Malignant neoplasm of rectum	
C78.5	Secondary malignant neoplasm of large intestine and rectum	

REIMBURSEMENT INFORMATION:

KRAS variant analysis, NRAS variant analysis, HER2 variant analysis, and BRAF variant analysis are to be used for a one-time decision point.

PROGRAM EXCEPTIONS:

Federal Employee Program (FEP): Follow FEP guidelines.

State Account Organization (SAO): Follow SAO guidelines.

Medicare Advantage products: The following National Coverage Determination (NCD) was reviewed on the last guideline reviewed date: Next Generation Sequencing (NGS) (90.2) located at cms.gov.

The following is located at fcso.com: Local Coverage Article Billing and Coding: Molecular Pathology and Genetic Testing A58918.

DEFINITIONS:

None applicable.

RELATED GUIDELINES:

<u>Genetic Testing, 05-82000-28</u> <u>Genetic Testing for Lynch Syndrome and Other Inherited Colon Cancer Syndromes, 05-82000-31</u> <u>Tumor/Genetic Markers, 05-82000-22</u>

OTHER:

None applicable.

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COMMITTEE APPROVAL:

This Medical Coverage Guideline (MCG) was approved by the Florida Blue Medical Policy and Coverage Committee on 09/26/24.

GUIDELINE UPDATE INFORMATION:

02/15/09	New Medical Coverage Guideline.
10/01/09	HCPCS Quarterly Update: added new code S3713.
12/15/09	Annual review: position statements maintained description section and references
	updated.
07/15/10	Annual review: position statements maintained and references updated.
06/15/11	Annual review: position statements maintained and references updated.
01/01/12	Annual HCPCS update. Added CPT code 81275.
04/01/12	Quarterly HCPCS update. Deleted code S3713.
	Annual review; position statements maintained and references updated.
04/15/13	Annual review; position statements maintained, references updated; formatting
	changes.
04/15/14	Annual review; Medicare program exception, and references updated.
01/01/16	Annual HCPCS/CPT update; code 81276 added, code 81275 revised.
07/15/16	Revision; guideline title, description, position statement, coding, and references
	updated; formatting changes.
10/01/16	Revision; formatting changes.
08/15/17	Review; BRAF position statement and references updated.
06/15/18	Review; description, position statements, and references updated.
09/15/19	Review; Circulating tumor DNA/liquid biopsy investigational statement added; policy
	title, description section and references updated.
09/15/20	Review; Position statement, coding, and references updated.
09/21/20	Revision; List of test examples updated.
10/15/21	Review: Position statements maintained; coding, test names, and references updated.
07/01/22	Quarterly CPT/HCPCS Update.

06/15/23	Revision: Note added to the position statement section.	
09/15/23	Review: Position statements, policy title, and references updated.	
01/01/24	Program exception and references updated.	
10/15/24	Review: Position statements, title, description, coding, and references updated.	